RE in Urban context: Challenges and Opportunities

Hotel Himalaya, Lalitpur, Nov 22, 2015



Challenges and Options of Future Energy Development in Kathmandu Valley





Shree Raj Shakya (PhD)
Centre for Energy Studies
Institute of Engineering
Tribhuvan University

Picture Source: ekantipur, nagariknews

Contents

- Introduction
- Energy Consumption Mix in Kathmandu
- Future Energy Development and Challenges
- Options for Sustainable Energy Development
- Concluding Remarks

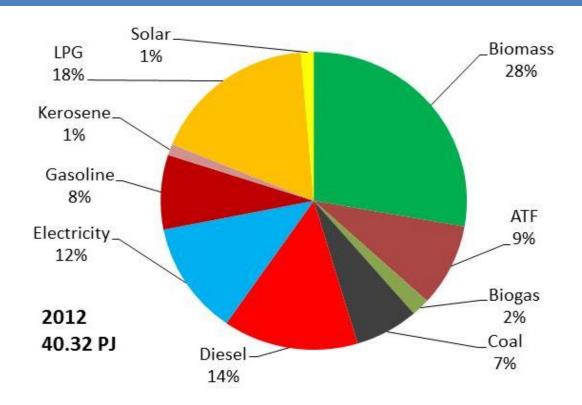
Some Dimensions of Energy Crisis in Kathmandu



11/22/2015

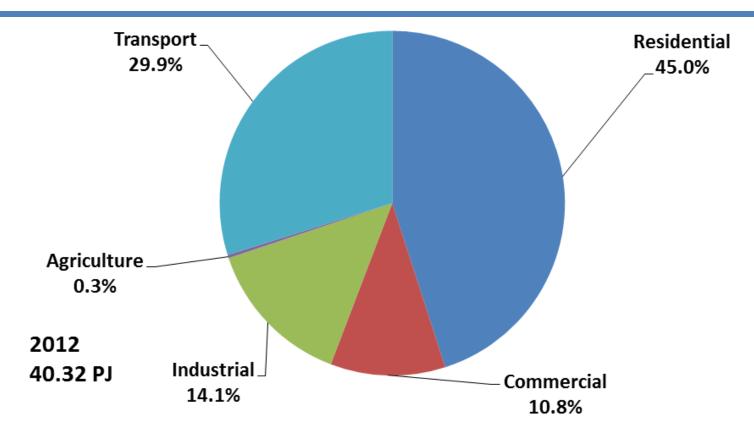
Energy Consumption Mix in Kathmandu

Energy Consumption Mix (2012)



- Share of imported fossil fuels 57%
 - Share of petroleum product 32%
 - Share of LPG 18%
 - Import dependency ? Energy Security ?

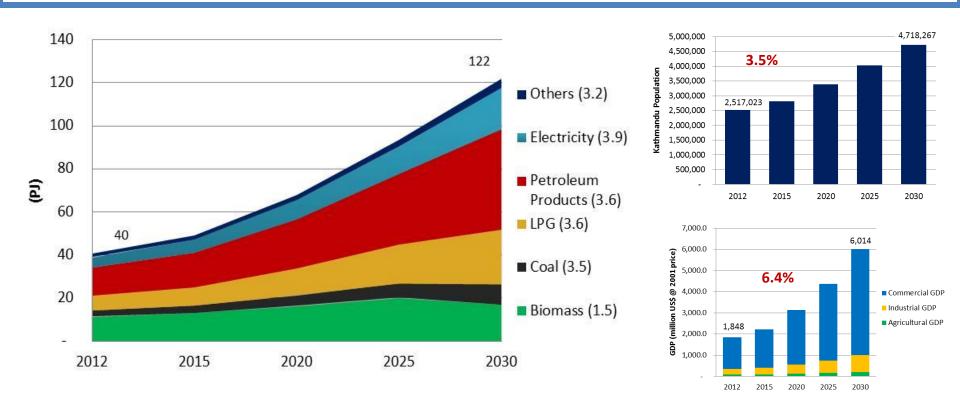
Sectoral Share of Energy Consumption (2012)



- Residential sector has highest share
- Followed by Transport and Industrial

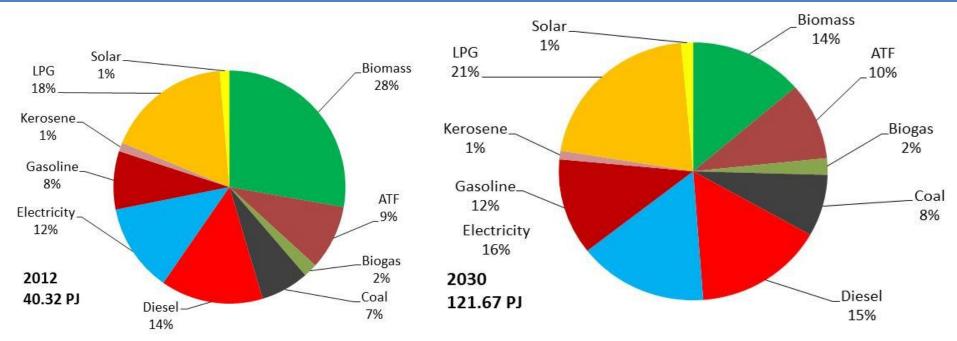
Future Energy Development and Challenges

Future Energy Development (2012-2030)



- Total final energy consumption is estimated to grow at 6.3% (i.e., from 40 PJ in 2012 to 122 PJ in 2030
 - faster growth rate of 7.3% in the consumption of imported fossil fuels consisting of petroleum products, LPG and coal
 - Electricity demand grows even faster at 7.8%

Future Energy Mix (2012-2030)



- Share of imported fossil fuels increase from 57% to 67%
 - Share of petroleum products 32% to 38%
 - Share of LPG 18% to 21%
 - Import Dependency => Energy Supply Security ?
- Share of imported Electricity increase from 12% to 16%
 - Investment?

Energy Security from International Perspective

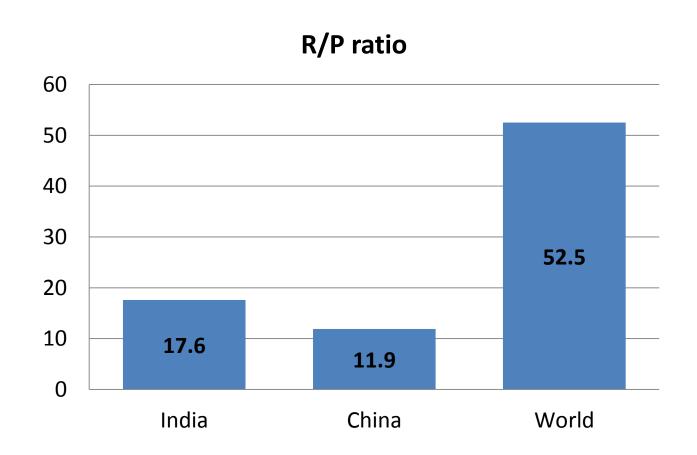
Production and Consumption of Petroleum Oil (2014)

	India	China	World
Consumption, thousand	3,846	11,399	92,086
barrels daily	(4.2%)	(12.4%)	(100%)
Production, <i>thousand</i>	895	4,246	88,673
barrels daily	(1.0%)	(4.8%)	(100%)
Import Share, %	76.8%	60.7%	

Source: BP Statistics 2015

- Our Suppliers Global Share and Import dependency?
- Future Economic Growth? Energy Demand? Import Dependency?

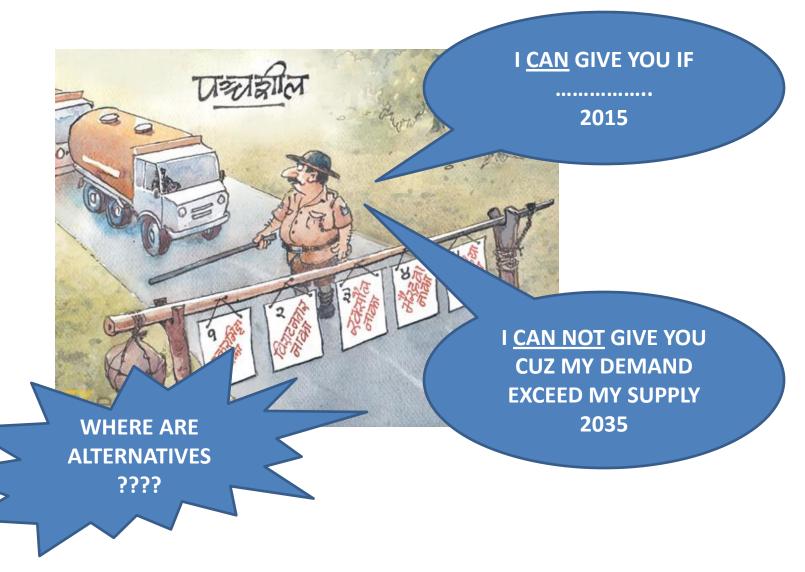
Reserves to Production Ratio of Petroleum Oil (2014)



Source: BP Statistics 2015

Our Suppliers Demand after 20-30 years?

Energy Supply Security



Average annual world oil prices, 1980-2035 (2010 dollars per barrel)



EIA (2012)

Energy Security, Economic Vulnerability?

Energy Investment in 2010

Country	Energy Investment % GDP		
Bhutan	16%		
India	3.4%		
Nepal	0.3%		

Source: WDI (2012)

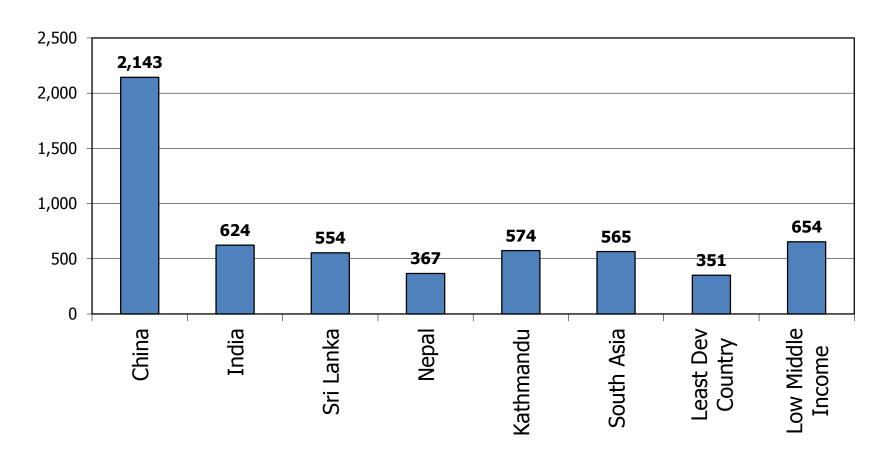
Very Low investment in Energy sector

Change in Environmental Emissions in Kathmandu during 2012-2030 (thousand tons)

Emissions	2012	2015	2020	2030	Ratio 2030/2012
CO ₂	1,723.68	2,110.26	3,017.59	6,043.73	3.5
CH ₄	2.80	3.26	4.20	4.74	1.7
N ₂ O	8.93	10.88	15.39	29.48	3.3
Total GHG	4,456.16	5,433.63	7,709.65	14,945.91	3.4
СО	94.12	112.32	151.88	239.30	2.5
NOx	28.86	33.77	43.99	67.70	2.3
NMVOC	0.11	0.13	0.17	0.26	2.4
PM10	0.89	1.00	1.20	1.52	1.7
SO ₂	2.77	3.14	3.85	4.74	1.7

- Local Pollutants Emission => Local and Regional Environment ?
- GHG Emission => Climate Change Effects ?

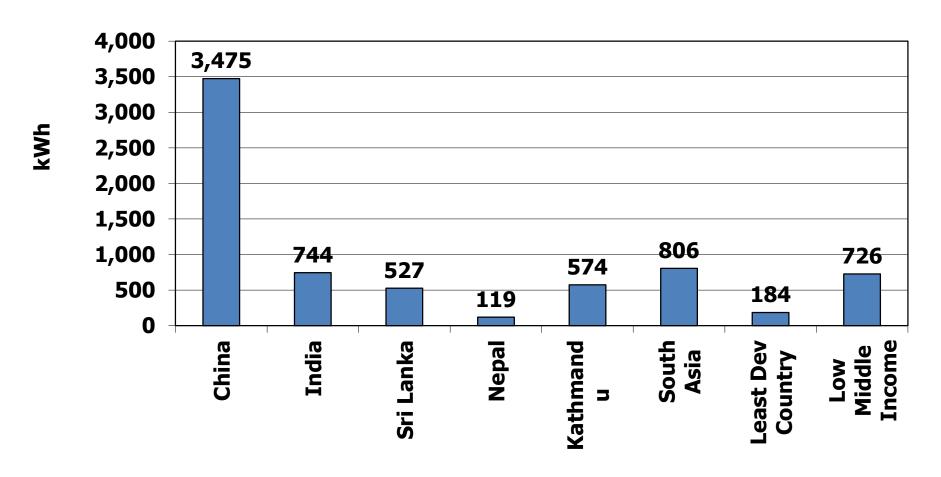
Per Capita Primary Energy Supply in 2010 (kgoe)



Source: World Development Indicator 2015 in The World Bank (2015)

Low per capita primary energy supply

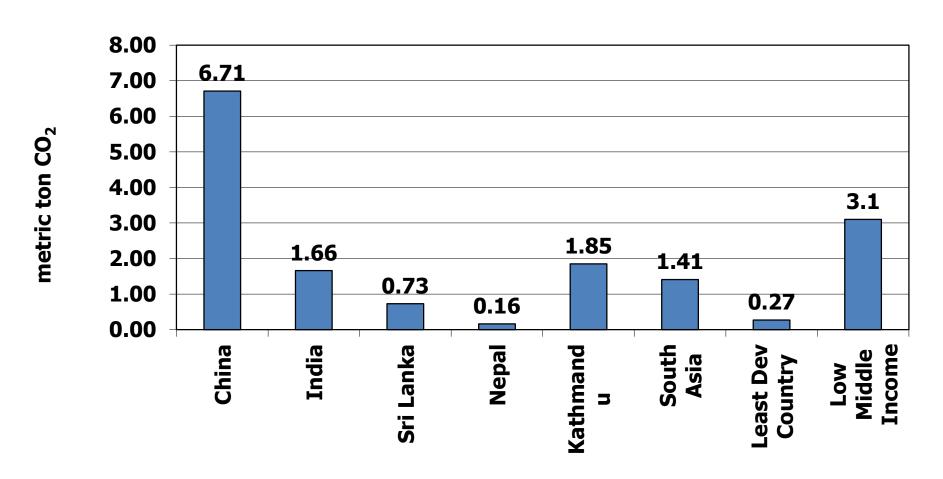
Per Capita Electricity Consumption in 2014



Source: World Development Indicator 2015 in The World Bank (2015)

Low per capita electricity consumption

Per Capita CO₂ Emissions in 2014

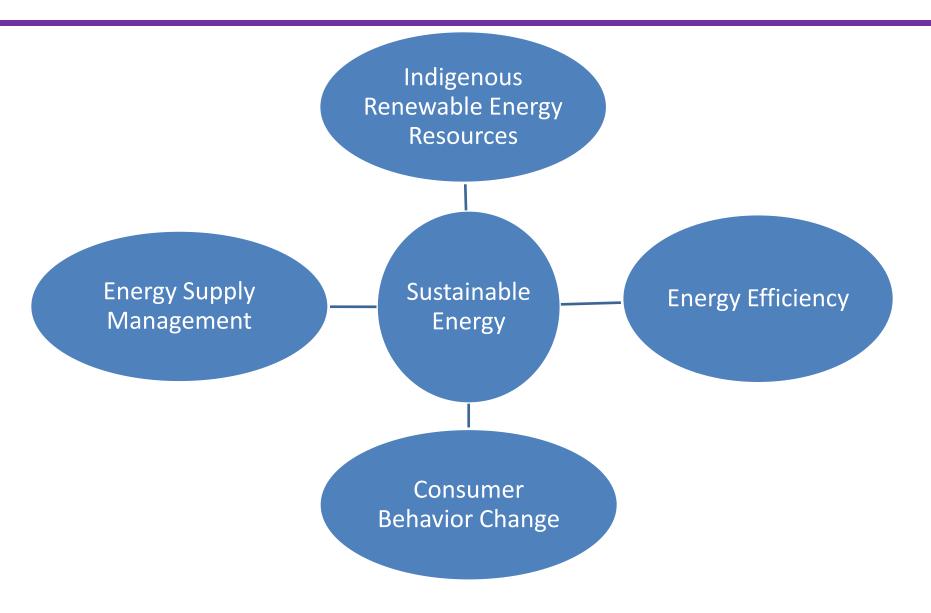


Source: World Development Indicator 2015 in The World Bank (2015)

Moderate per capita CO₂ Emissions

Options for Sustainable Energy Development

Options for Sustainable Energy Development



Implementation of Sustainable Energy Development



Monitoring, Evaluation and Reviewing Mechanism

Capital Investment

Planning

Human Resource **Planning**

Material Resource

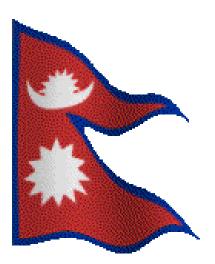
Energy Energy

Integrated Energy Action Plans and Targets

Energy Crisis Management Authority

Legal and Regulatory Mechanisms

Integrated Energy Vision, Strategy and Policy



Thank you





shreerajshakya@ioe.edu.n¡ shreerajshakya@gmail.con



